MathVantage	Trigonor	netry - Exam 1	Exam Number: 06		
	PART 1	: QUESTIONS			
Name:	Ag	ge: Id:	Course:		
Trigonom	etry - Exam 1	Lesson: 1-3			
Instructions	:	Exam Strate	egies to get the best performance:		
• Please begin by printing your N	lame, your Age,	• Spend 5 minutes reading your exam. Use this time			
your Student Id , and your Cou	rse Name in the box	to classify eac	ch Question in (E) Easy, (M) Mediun		
above and in the box on the sol	ution sheet.	and (D) Difficult.			
• You have 90 minutes (class per	iod) for this exam.	• Be confident by solving the easy questions first then the medium questions.			
• You can not use any calculator,	computer,				
cellphone, or other assistance d	evice on this exam.	• Be sure to check each solution. In average, you			
However, you can set our flag t	o ask permission to	only need 30	seconds to test it. (Use good sense).		
consult your own one two-sided	d-sheet notes at any				
point during the exam (You can	write concepts,	• Don't waste to	bo much time on a question even if		
formulas, properties, and proce	dures, but questions	you know how	w to solve it. Instead, skip the		
and their solutions from books	or previous exams	question and j	put a circle around the problem		
are not allowed in your notes).		number to wo	ork on it later. In average, the easy ar		
		medium quest	tions take up half of the exam time.		
• Each multiple-choice question	is worth 5 points				
and each extra essay-question i	s worth from 0 to 5	• Solving the al	ll of the easy and medium question		
points. (Even a simple related f	ormula can worth	will already g	uarantee a minimum grade. Now, yo		
some points).		are much mor	re confident and motivated to solve		
		the difficult of	r skipped questions.		
• Set up your flag if you have a q	uestion.				
		• Be natient and	d try not to leave the exam early. Use		

• Relax and use strategies to improve your performance.

Be patient and try not to leave the exam early. Use the remaining time to double check your solutions.

## 1. Given:

- I. The number  $\pi$  is a mathematical constant that appears in many formulas in several areas of mathematics and physics.
- II. The radian is the standard unit of angular measure that is equal to the length of a corresponding arc of a unit circle.
- III. Trigonometry is the branch of mathematics that deals with the relationship between the sides and angles of triangles and the study of trigonometric functions.

Then,

- a) I, II, and III are incorrect.
- b) I, II, and III are correct.
- c) Only I and II are correct.
- d) Only I and III are correct.
- e) Only II and III are correct.

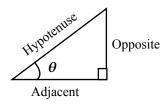
2. What is the measure in degrees of the angle  $\frac{5\pi}{6}$ ? a) 150° b) 210° c) 330° d) 390° e) None of the above.

3. What is the measure in degrees of the angle  $-\frac{13\pi}{6}$ ? a) 150° b) 210° c) 330° d) 390° e) None of the above.

4. In the trigonometric ball,  $\theta = 45^{\circ}$  is:

a) 
$$\frac{\pi}{4}$$
 b) All alternatives are correct. c)  $\frac{9\pi}{4}$  d)  $-\frac{7\pi}{4}$  e)  $-315^{\circ}$ 

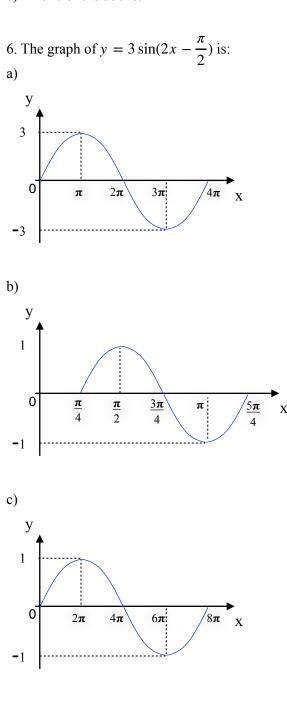
5. Given:

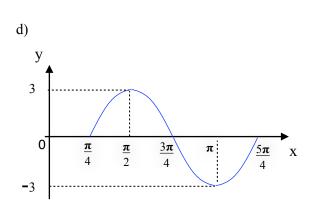


Then, I.  $\sin(\theta) = \frac{\text{Opposite}}{\text{Hypotenuse}}$ II.  $\cos(\theta) = \frac{\text{Adjacent}}{\text{Hypotenuse}}$ 

III. 
$$\csc(\theta) = \frac{1}{\cos(\theta)}$$

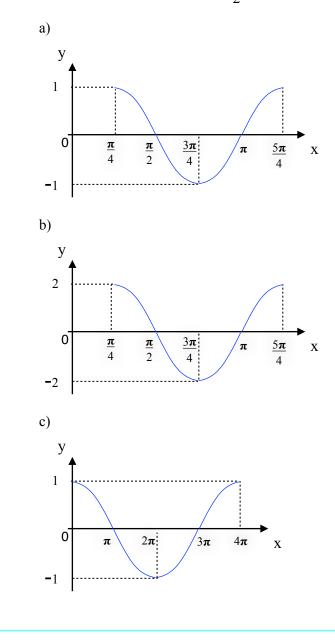
- a) Only I and II are correct
- b) Only I and III are correct
- c) Only II and III are correct
- d) I, II, and III are correct
- e) None of the above.

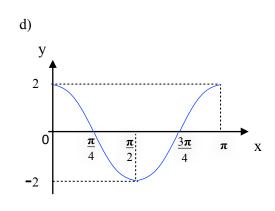




e) None of the above.

7. The graph of 
$$y = 2\cos(2x - \frac{\pi}{2})$$
 is





e) None of the above.

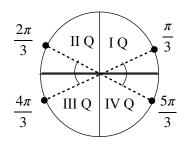
8. Given angle  $\theta_1 = \frac{\pi}{6}$  in the I Quadrant, the correspondent angles  $\theta_2$ ,  $\theta_3$ ,  $\theta_4$  in the quadrants II, III, and IV are:

a)  $\frac{2\pi}{3}$ ,  $\frac{4\pi}{3}$ , and  $\frac{5\pi}{3}$ b)  $\frac{3\pi}{4}$ ,  $\frac{5\pi}{4}$ , and  $\frac{7\pi}{4}$ c)  $\frac{5\pi}{6}$ ,  $\frac{7\pi}{6}$ , and  $\frac{11\pi}{6}$ 

d) 
$$\frac{11\pi}{12}$$
,  $\frac{13\pi}{12}$ , and  $\frac{23\pi}{12}$ 

e) None of the above.

## 9. Given:



The general solution is:

I.  

$$x = \frac{\pi}{3} + \pi k$$

$$x = \frac{2\pi}{3} + \pi k$$

$$k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

II.  

$$x = \frac{\pi}{4} + \pi k$$

$$x = \frac{3\pi}{4} + \pi k$$

$$k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

III.

$$x = \frac{\pi}{3} + \frac{\pi k}{2}, k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

- a) I, II, and III are correct.
- b) I, II, and III are incorrect.
- c) Only II and III correct.
- d) Only I and II are correct.
- e) None of the above.

10. Solve: 
$$\sin x = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$
, where  $0 \le x < 2\pi$ 

A. 
$$x = \frac{\pi}{6} \text{ or } x = \frac{5\pi}{6}$$
  
b)  $x = \frac{\pi}{4} \text{ or } x = \frac{3\pi}{4}$   
c)  $x = \frac{7\pi}{6} \text{ or } x = \frac{11\pi}{6}$   
d)  $x = \frac{5\pi}{4} \text{ or } x = \frac{7\pi}{4}$ 

e) None of the above.

11. Solve: 
$$\cos x = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$
, where  $0 \le x < 2\pi$   
a)  $x = \frac{\pi}{3}$  or  $x = \frac{5\pi}{3}$   
b)  $x = \frac{\pi}{4}$  or  $x = \frac{7\pi}{4}$   
c)  $x = \frac{2\pi}{3}$  or  $x = \frac{4\pi}{3}$ 

d) 
$$x = \frac{3\pi}{4} \text{ or } x = \frac{3\pi}{4}$$

12. Solve: 
$$\tan x = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$$
, where  $0 \le x < 2\pi$ 

a) 
$$x = \frac{\pi}{6} \text{ or } x = \frac{7\pi}{6}$$

- b)  $x = \frac{\pi}{4} \text{ or } x = \frac{5\pi}{4}$ c)  $x = \frac{2\pi}{3} \text{ or } x = \frac{5\pi}{3}$ d)  $x = \frac{3\pi}{4} \text{ or } x = \frac{7\pi}{4}$
- e) None of the above.

13. Solve: 
$$\sin x = -\frac{1}{2}$$

a) 
$$x = \frac{\pi}{6} + 2\pi k \text{ or } x = \frac{5\pi}{6} + 2\pi k, k \in \mathbb{Z}$$
  
b)  $x = \frac{\pi}{4} + 2\pi k \text{ or } x = \frac{3\pi}{4} + 2\pi k, k \in \mathbb{Z}$   
c)  $x = \frac{7\pi}{6} + 2\pi k \text{ or } x = \frac{11\pi}{6} + 2\pi k, k \in \mathbb{Z}$ 

d) 
$$x = \frac{5\pi}{4} + 2\pi k \text{ or } x = \frac{7\pi}{4} + 2\pi k, k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

e) None of the above.

14. Solve: 
$$\cos x = -\frac{1}{2}$$
  
a)  $x = \frac{\pi}{3} + 2\pi k$  or  $x = \frac{5\pi}{3} + 2\pi k, k \in \mathbb{Z}$   
b)  $x = \frac{\pi}{4} + 2\pi k$  or  $x = \frac{7\pi}{4} + 2\pi k, k \in \mathbb{Z}$   
c)  $x = \frac{2\pi}{3} + 2\pi k$  or  $x = \frac{4\pi}{3} + 2\pi k, k \in \mathbb{Z}$   
d)  $x = \frac{3\pi}{4} + 2\pi k$  or  $x = \frac{5\pi}{4} + 2\pi k, k \in \mathbb{Z}$ 

e) None of the above.

15. Solve: 
$$\tan x = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

a)  $x = \frac{\pi}{6} + 2\pi k \text{ or } x = \frac{7\pi}{6} + 2\pi k, k \in \mathbb{Z}$ b)  $x = \frac{\pi}{4} + 2\pi k \text{ or } x = \frac{5\pi}{4} + 2\pi k, k \in \mathbb{Z}$ c)  $x = \frac{2\pi}{3} + 2\pi k \text{ or } x = \frac{5\pi}{3} + 2\pi k, k \in \mathbb{Z}$ 

d) 
$$x = \frac{3\pi}{4} + 2\pi k \text{ or } x = \frac{7\pi}{4} + 2\pi k, k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

e) None of the above.

16. Solve: 
$$\sec^2 x = \frac{4}{3}$$
  
a)  $x = \frac{\pi}{6} + \pi k \text{ or } x = \frac{5\pi}{6} + \pi k, k \in \mathbb{Z}$   
b)  $x = -\frac{\pi}{6} + \pi k \text{ or } x = -\frac{5\pi}{6} + \pi k, k \in \mathbb{Z}$   
c)  $ax = \frac{\pi}{4} + 2\pi k \text{ or } x = \frac{3\pi}{4} + 2\pi k, k \in \mathbb{Z}$   
d)  $x = \frac{\pi}{2} + 2\pi k \text{ or } x = \frac{5\pi}{6} + 2\pi k, k \in \mathbb{Z}$ 

e) None of the above.

17. Solve: 
$$\sqrt{3} \tan^2 x + \tan x = 0$$

a) 
$$x = \pi k \text{ or } x = \frac{7\pi}{6} + 2\pi k \text{ or } x = \frac{11\pi}{6} + 2\pi k, k \in \mathbb{Z}$$
  
b)  $x = \frac{\pi}{2} + \pi k \text{ or } x = \frac{2\pi}{3} + 2\pi k \text{ or } x = \frac{4\pi}{3} + 2\pi k, k \in \mathbb{Z}$   
c)  $x = \pi k \text{ or } x = \frac{3\pi}{4} + \pi k, k \in \mathbb{Z}$   
d)  $x = \pi k \text{ or } x = \frac{5\pi}{4} + \pi k, k \in \mathbb{Z}$   
e) None of the above.

18. Solve the trigonometric inequality:

$$\sin x \ge \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$
a)  $S = \left\{ x \in \mathbb{R}/\frac{\pi}{4} + 2\pi k \le x \le \frac{3\pi}{4} + 2\pi k, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$   
b)  $S = \left\{ x \in \mathbb{R}/\frac{5\pi}{6} + 2\pi k \le x \le \frac{7\pi}{6} + 2\pi k, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$   
c)  $S = \left\{ x \in \mathbb{R}/\frac{\pi}{6} + \pi k \le x < \frac{\pi}{2} + \pi k, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$   
d)  $S = \left\{ x \in \mathbb{R}/\frac{\pi}{3} + \pi k \le x < \frac{\pi}{2} + \pi k, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$   
e) None of the above.

19. Solve the trigonometric inequality:

 $\cos x > 0$ 

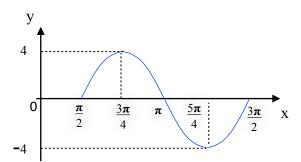
a) 
$$S = \left\{ x \in \mathbb{R}/2\pi k \le x < \frac{\pi}{3} + 2\pi k \text{ or } \frac{5\pi}{3} + 2\pi k < x < 2\pi k, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$$
  
b)  $S = \left\{ x \in \mathbb{R}/2\pi k \le x < \frac{\pi}{4} + 2\pi k \text{ or } \frac{7\pi}{4} + 2\pi k < x < 2\pi k, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$   
c)  $S = \left\{ x \in \mathbb{R}/2\pi k \le x < \frac{\pi}{6} + 2\pi k \text{ or } \frac{11\pi}{6} + 2\pi k < x < 2\pi k, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$   
d)  $S = \left\{ x \in \mathbb{R}/2\pi k \le x < \frac{\pi}{2} + 2\pi k \text{ or } \frac{3\pi}{2} + 2\pi k < x < 2\pi k, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$ 

e) None of the above.20. Solve the trigonometric inequality:

$$\cos x > \frac{4}{3}$$
  
a)  $S = \left\{ x \in \mathbb{R}/2\pi k \le x < \frac{\pi}{6} + 2\pi k \text{ or } \frac{11\pi}{6} + 2\pi k < x < 2\pi k, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$   
b)  $S = \left\{ x \in \mathbb{R}/2\pi k \le x < \frac{\pi}{3} + 2\pi k \text{ or } \frac{5\pi}{3} + 2\pi k < x < 2\pi k, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$   
c)  $S = \left\{ x \in \mathbb{R}/2\pi k \le x < \frac{\pi}{4} + 2\pi k \text{ or } \frac{7\pi}{4} + 2\pi k < x < 2\pi k, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$   
d)  $S = \left\{ x \in \mathbb{R}/2\pi k \le x < \frac{\pi}{2} + 2\pi k \text{ or } \frac{3\pi}{2} + 2\pi k < x < 2\pi k, k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$   
e)  $S = \emptyset$ 

2:	MathVantage		Trigonometry - Exam 1				Exam Number: 062		
			PAR	PART 2: SOLUTIONS		l	Consulting		
						Age:	_ Id:	Course:	
Mult	tiple-	Cho	ice A	nswe	ers		Extra Qu	estions	
Questions	Α	в	с	D	Е	21	. Solve: $\sin^2 x$ +	$\cos^2 r - 2$	
1			-			21		$\cos x - 2$	
2									
3									
4									
5									
6									
7									
8									
9									
10									
11									
12									
13									
14						22	. Prove:		
15									
16						<u>(1</u>	$(1 - \cos x)(1 - \cos x)$	$\frac{(5x)}{(1-x)^2} = 1$	
17							$\sin^2 x$		
18									
19									
20									

- 23. Solve:  $\sin x = \cos x$ , where  $0 \le x < 2\pi$ .
- 25. Find the function of the following graph:



24. Find csc *x*:

